IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, Litigation Trustee of the Idearc Inc., *et al.* Litigation Trust,

Plaintiff,

v.

VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS INC., VERIZON FINANCIAL SERVICES LLC, GTE CORPORATION, and JOHN W. DIERCKSEN,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:10-CV-1842-G

ECF

DEFENDANTS' JOINT RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO SUPPLEMENT AND BRIEF IN SUPPORT

Plaintiff continues to pursue its theory that Idearc was not Verizon's wholly owned subsidiary before the Spin-Off, despite this Court's grant of summary judgment to Defendants on that issue. In addition to its latest motion and at least five other post-trial filings pressing this theory, U.S. Bank National Association — purportedly acting in its capacity as Indenture Trustee for Idearc's unsecured notes, rather than as Litigation Trustee — has just sued Verizon in New York state court seeking more than \$2.85 billion based on the same allegations that Idearc was "formed, but never properly incorporated," and not Verizon's wholly owned subsidiary. 2

The proposed amendments to the Delaware General Corporation Law that form the basis for Plaintiff's latest filing here are irrelevant to the issues still pending before the Court and do

¹ See Memorandum Opinion and Order at 26-27, ECF No. 523 (Sept. 14, 2012) ("SJ Op.").

² Summons with Notice at 2, *U.S. Bank Nat'l Ass'n v. Coticchio*, Index No. 651132/2013 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Mar. 29, 2013) (Defs.' App. 3-5). Pursuant to New York state court procedure, U.S. Bank elected not to serve the complaint with the summons.

not support Plaintiff's repeated requests for reconsideration of the Court's summary judgment ruling. The Court should deny the motion.

- 1. Plaintiff first asserts that the proposed Delaware amendments "go directly" to the briefing pending before the Court because they would overrule three Delaware cases and, therefore, purportedly "validate[] the Plaintiff's position as to the current state of Delaware law" as set out in those cases. Mot. at 2-3. Yet Plaintiff *never cited any of these cases* nor did Defendants in any of the pending briefs. Nor were these cases cited in either side's post-trial Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, in the Joint Pretrial Order, or (with one irrelevant exception) in either side's briefs on any of the four summary judgment motions.³
 Unsurprisingly, Plaintiff cites no portion of any brief pending before the Court in support of its assertion that the "pending Delaware legislation . . . is directly relevant to matters under consideration." Mot. at 1. Plaintiff's latest motion has no relevance to the pending briefing and thus attempts to add new arguments to its already over-length filings.⁴
- 2. More generally, the proposed legislation is not relevant to any issue pending before the Court. In granting summary judgment, the Court found that Idearc was Verizon's wholly owned subsidiary at all times from its formation to the Spin-Off.⁵ Although Plaintiff again asks the Court to reconsider that ruling, it has not even attempted to meet the strict standard for reconsideration. Plaintiff could have made all of its arguments regarding the

³ Plaintiff included a "Cf." citation to STAAR Surgical Co. v. Waggoner, 588 A.2d 1130 (Del. 1991), in its reply in support of its second summary judgment motion. See Pl.'s Reply at 10, ECF No. 435 (July 9, 2012). But that motion had nothing to do with whether Verizon owned Idearc before the Spin-Off or whether Idearc validly issued stock to Verizon, and instead sought a ruling that Idearc's post-Spin-Off Board had not validly executed a resolution ratifying the specific management actions taken to effect the Spin-Off.

⁴ See Defs.' Resp. at 1 n.5, ECF No. 651 (Mar. 1, 2013) ("Defs.' Resp.").

⁵ See SJ Op. at 26-27 ("While the parties dispute the material fact of Idearc's ownership before the spin-off, no reasonabl[e] factfinder could conclude that Idearc was not a wholly owned subsidiary of Verizon up to and including November 16, 2006.").

supposed failure to form Idearc properly and the supposed defects in the stock issued to Verizon in its summary judgment briefs⁶ — including any arguments relying on the three Delaware cases the proposed statutory amendments seek to overturn. Yet Plaintiff did not do so in contesting Verizon's pre-Spin-Off ownership of Idearc at summary judgment. As this Court has already held, a reconsideration motion is "*not* the proper vehicle[] for rehashing old arguments or raising new arguments that could have been presented earlier."

3. Finally, Plaintiff mischaracterizes the proposed amendments to Delaware's General Corporation Law. The proposal does not address the circumstances in which a stock issuance is defective, or whether defectively issued stock is void or merely voidable. Therefore, the proposed amendments offer no support for Plaintiff's claim that Verizon's stock in Idearc was defectively issued and, therefore, void.

Nor do the proposed amendments support Plaintiff's claims regarding the ability of a company to ratify and validate stock that was allegedly issued defectively. The proposed amendments expressly state that the new mechanism for ratifying "putative stock" would not be "the exclusive means of ratifying or validating . . . any issuance of stock." Pl.'s App. 10, 13-14 (proposed § 204(a), (h)(4), (i)). Instead, the proposed amendments would also preserve preexisting means of "properly ratif[ying]" the "issuance of any stock . . . under common law or otherwise." Pl.'s App. 14 (proposed § 204(i)). In all events, in addressing Plaintiff's response to the Order to Show Cause and Motion for Judgment, Defendants did not raise a ratification argument. 8

⁶ See Defs.' Resp. at 13-14 & n.28.

⁷ Memorandum Opinion and Order at 4, ECF No. 459 (July 25, 2012).

⁸ See Defs.' Resp. at 18-25 (responding on the merits to Plaintiff's claims regarding Verizon's ownership of Idearc and not making an argument based on subsequent ratification).

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the proposed amendments have no relevance to any issues

before the Court, which should deny Plaintiff's motion.

Dated: April 4, 2013

s/ J. Robert Arnett, II

E. Leon Carter

Texas Bar No. 03914300 lcarter@carterstafford.com

J. Robert Arnett, II

Texas Bar No. 01332900

barnett@carterstafford.com

CARTER STAFFORD ARNETT HAMADA

& MOCKLER, PLLC

8150 N. Central Expressway, Suite 1950

Dallas, Texas 75206

Telephone: (214) 550-8188 Facsimile: (214) 550-8185

Attorneys for Defendant John W. Diercksen Respectfully submitted,

s/ T. Ray Guy

T. Ray Guy

Texas Bar No. 08648500

ray.guy@weil.com

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES, LLP

200 Crescent Court, Suite 300

Dallas, Texas 75201

Telephone: (214) 746-7700

Facsimile: (214) 746-7777

Reid M. Figel

Admitted Pro Hac Vice

rfigel@khhte.com

Scott H. Angstreich

Admitted Pro Hac Vice

sangstreich@khhte.com

KELLOGG, HUBER, HANSEN, TODD,

EVANS & FIGEL, P.L.L.C.

1615 M Street, N.W., Suite 400

Washington, D.C. 20036

Telephone: (202) 326-7900

Facsimile: (202) 326-7999

Philip D. Anker (NY Bar No. 4345567)

Admitted Pro Hac Vice

philip.anker@wilmerhale.com

WILMER CUTLER PICKERING

HALE AND DORR LLP

7 World Trade Center

250 Greenwich Street

New York, New York 10007

Telephone: (212) 230-8800

Facsimile: (212) 230-8888

Attorneys for Defendants Verizon Communications Inc., Verizon Financial Services LLC,

and GTE Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that all counsel of record who are deemed to have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of the foregoing document via the Court's CM/ECF system pursuant to the Court's Local Rules this 4th day of April 2013.

Werner A. Powers
werner.powers@haynesboone.com
Robin Phelan
robin.phelan@haynesboone.com
Patrick D. Keating
patrick.keating@haynesboone.com
HAYNES & BOONE, LLP
2323 Victory Avenue, Suite 700
Dallas, Texas 75219

Telephone: (214) 651-5000 Facsimile: (214) 651-5940

Nicholas A. Foley nfoley@neliganlaw.com
Douglas J. Buncher dbuncher@neliganlaw.com
John D. Gaither jgaither@neliganlaw.com
NELIGAN FOLEY, LLP
325 N. St. Paul, Suite 3600
Dallas, Texas 75201
Telephone: (214) 840-5300

Telephone: (214) 840-5300 Facsimile: (214) 840-5301

s/ T. Ray Guy

T. Ray Guy